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Resilient Space-based Software Defined Networks

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Future Space Communications (FSC)



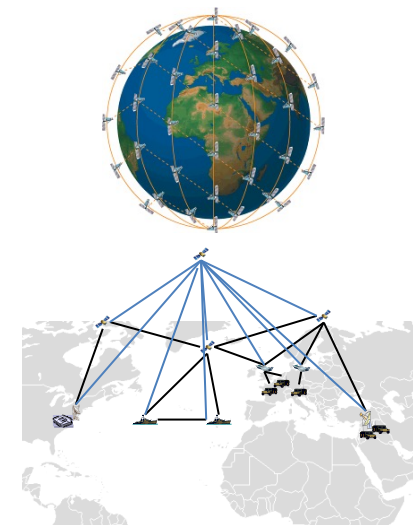
- Vision

- Give warfighters resilient and ambient connectivity (enabled with space technology)



- How Communications Should Work

- “**Always on**” – there when you need it
- “**Path agnostic**” – exploit any all links and pathways
- “**Automagic**” – sort connectivity autonomously for human /machine clients, apps
- **Secure** – in a fluent, natural way – make and break virtual networks on demand cryptographically solid isolation (“polychromatic” – multi-level security) and cyber-secure (minimize attack surfaces)
- **Invisible** – Low probability of intercept (LPI) – elastically trade bandwidth and non-detection

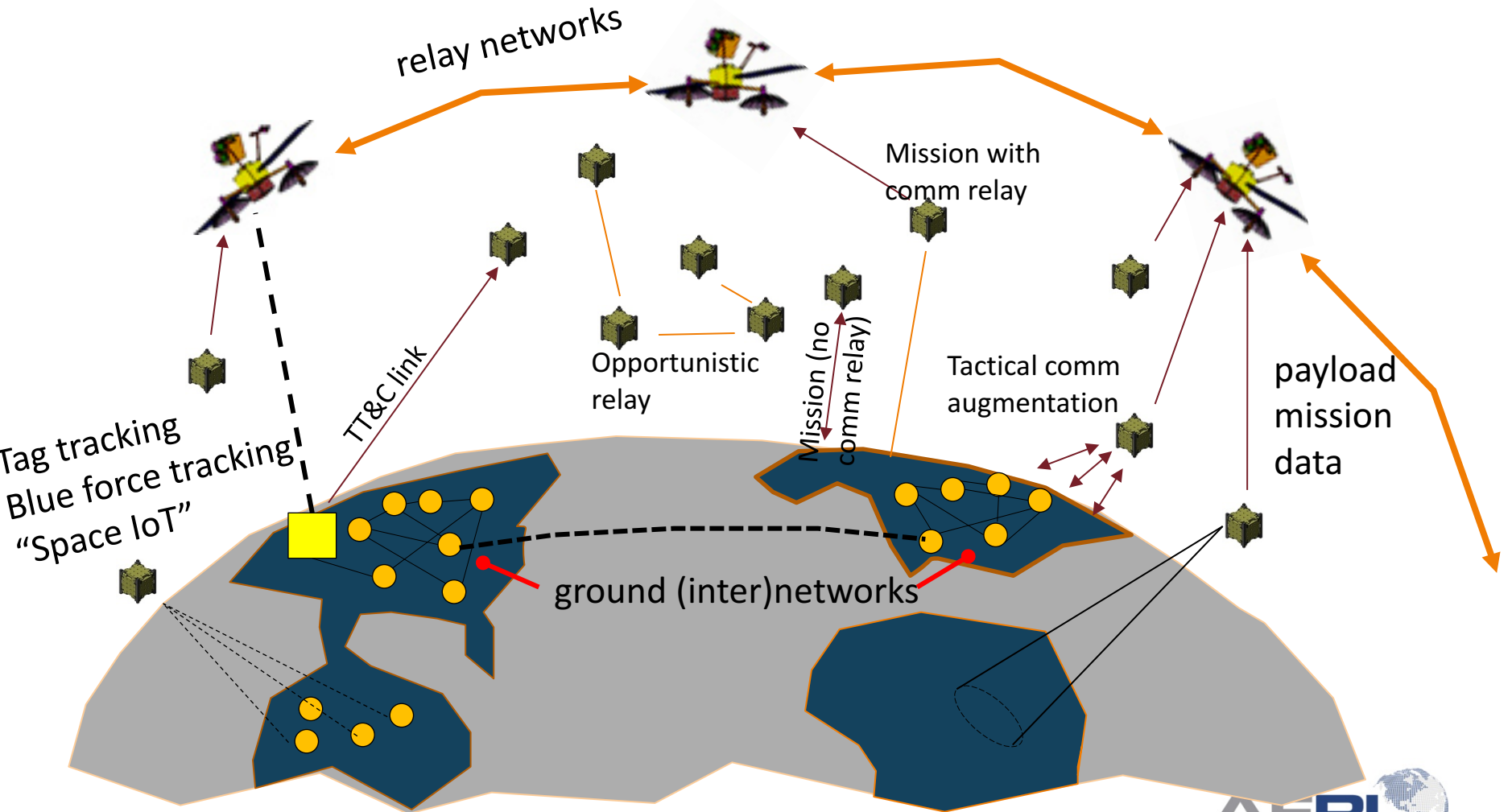


Goal: Ambient connectivity





Desired Use Cases





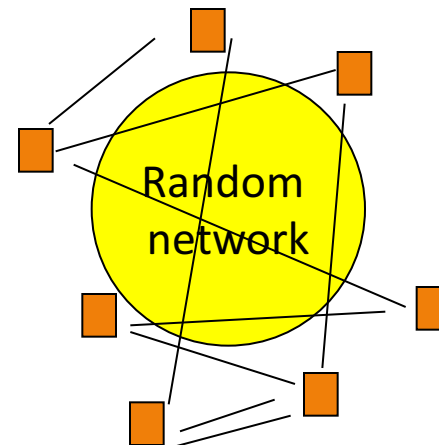
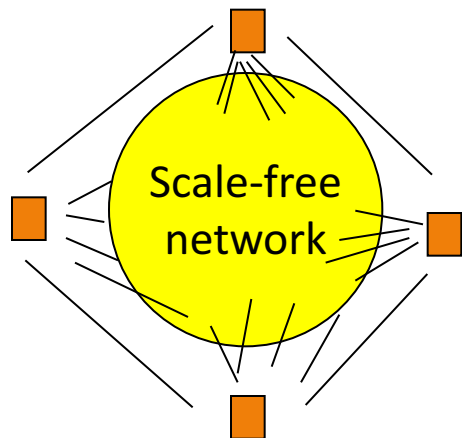
Achieving Ambient Connectivity



- Self-forming networks (topology agnostic)
- Every platform can be a contributing node
- Every physical layer (rf, optical) can be a contributing link
- Every node is potentially an opportunistic relay (with configurable “opt in/out” settings)
- Network sessions are virtualized over the actual physical network on-demand



A Tale of Two Graph Models



Scale-free networks (e.g. Power-Law distribution)

- Few super-big pipes
- Lots of little pipes
- Vulnerable to attacks on biggest pipes

Random networks (e.g. Erdos-Renya)

- Egalitarian, uniform node-degree hubs (may relax this constraint)
- No per se weakest links
- Nodes and edges connected with high probability (percolation)



Resilience and “GNATS”



- One path to achieving resilience is to exploit the Erdos-Renya random graph by enriching space with as many spacecraft as possible (cubesats, big sats, ..)
- The concept of a flexible, self-hosting network hub with arbitrary mixture of physical layers we term a Global Network Access Terminal (GNAT)
- A satellite with a GNAT is a GNAT satellite (GNATS)
- Like the annoying insects, “gnats” are easy to kill individually, but hard as an ensemble – resilience!

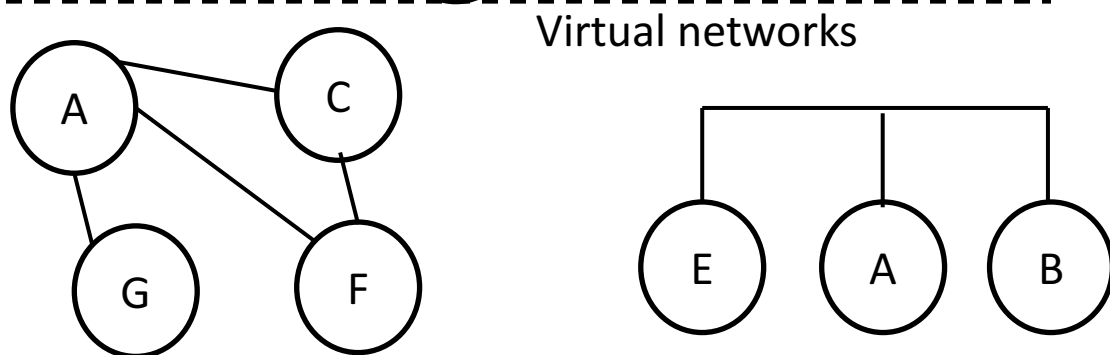
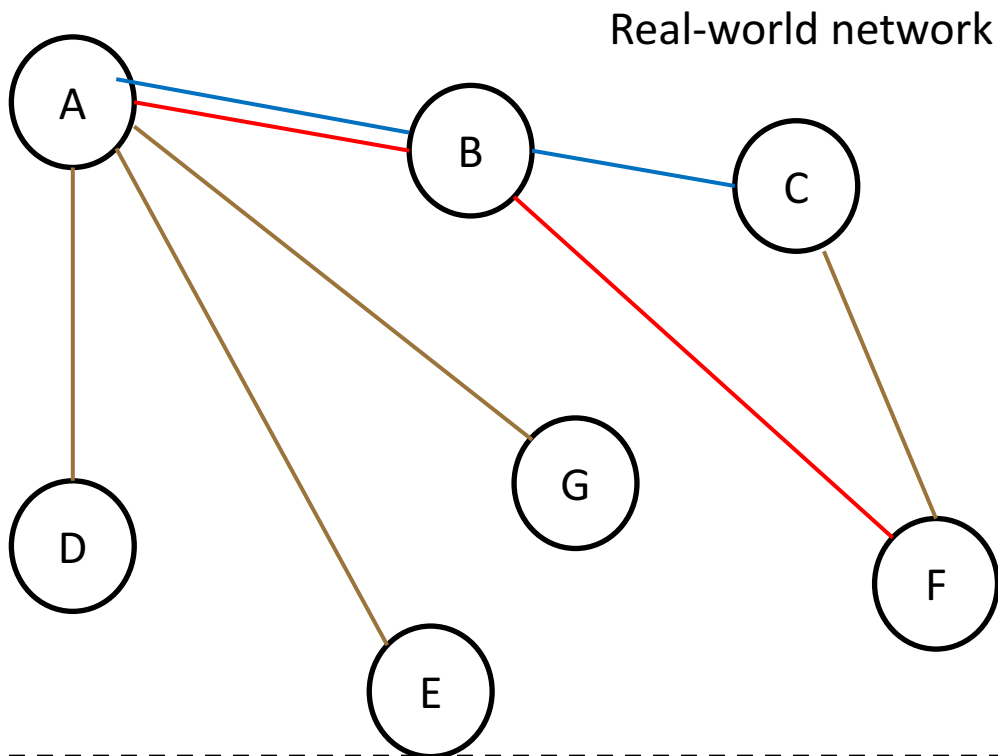


Software Defined Networks in Contested Environments



- Building a network of connected links is one thing, harnessing it effectively is another
- Consider concepts from software-defined networks (SDN) and network functional virtualization (NFV) with a couple of twists:
 - Heterogeneous nodes and edges
 - Design for resiliency to failures

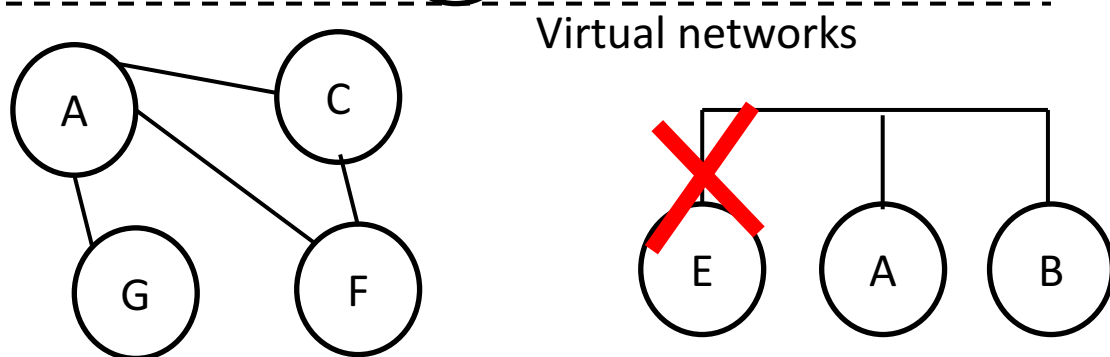
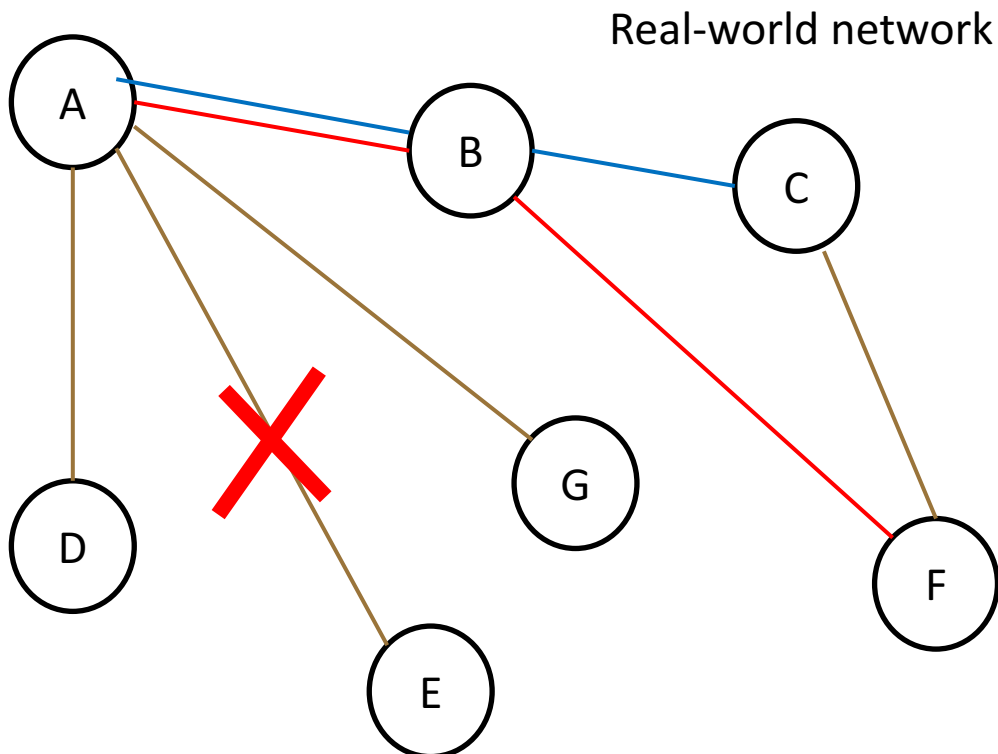
Network Graphs – Supply and Demand



- Real-world connectivity is a supply graph
- We create a set of virtual networks on demand (demand graph)
- They “seem real” in every significant way
 - Have defined Quality of Service (QoS)
 - Cryptographically isolated (seem air-gapped)
- They work only so long as the “real-world” networks have adequate connectivity and QoS



Contested environment



- One or more links might break due to jamming, weather, or violation of QoS (not enough bandwidth)
- Example, we lost S-band link and it was the only connection, so all VNs involving that link are broken



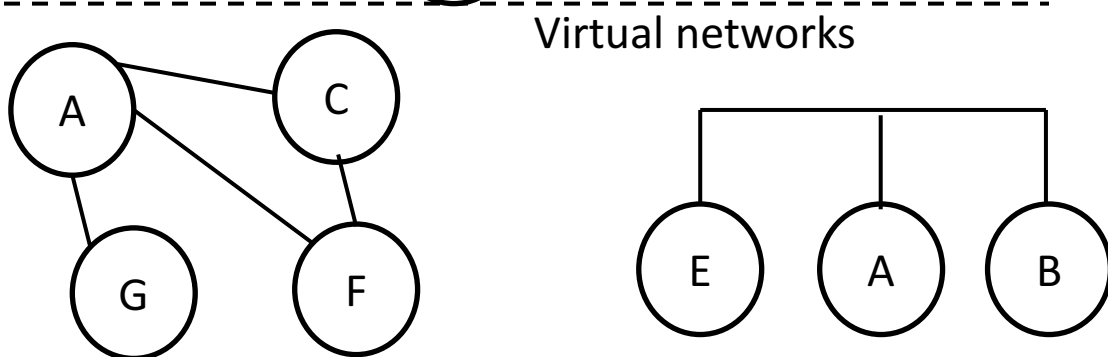
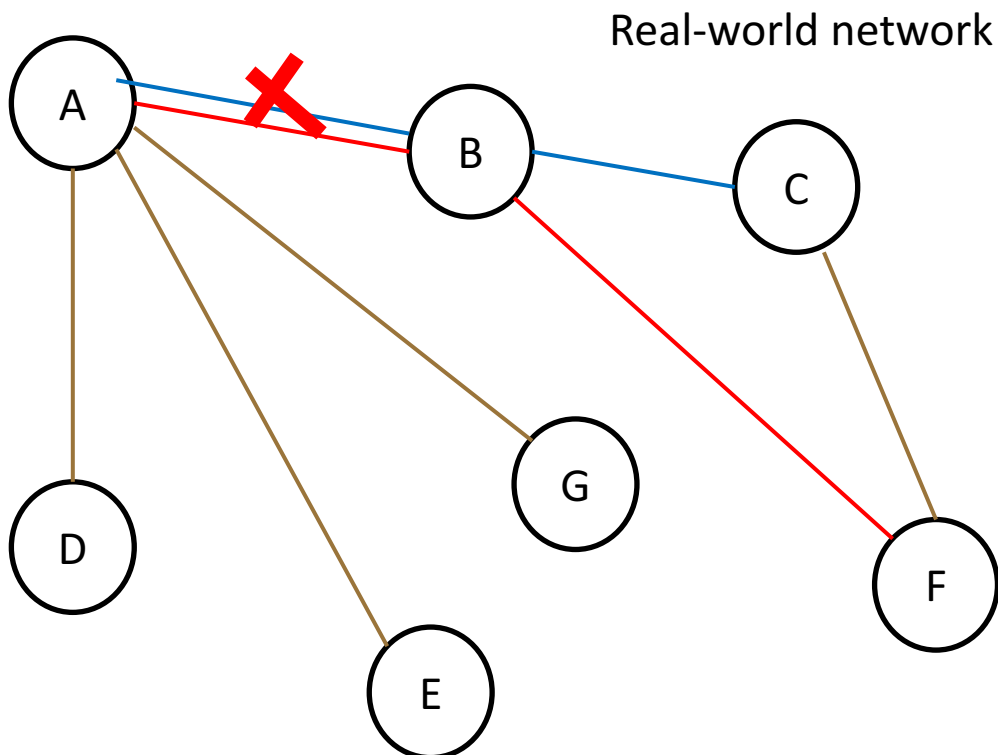
What is Different in SDNs for Contested Environments



- far more dynamic: complex evolving geometric relationships, links may be attacked or impaired, nodes may be destroyed,
- disparate/heterogeneous node and link (wired, RF, optical) structure;
- flexible and distributed provisioning (it may be necessary to allow hierarchical delegation of provisioning and control policies, processes);
- diverse QoS with a focus on the best effort can be provided in a contested area (from disruption tolerant to real-time)
- QoE (Quality of Experience) for the user's mission planning in a contested area;
- egalitarian (mostly) network nodes (not necessarily distinguished masters)

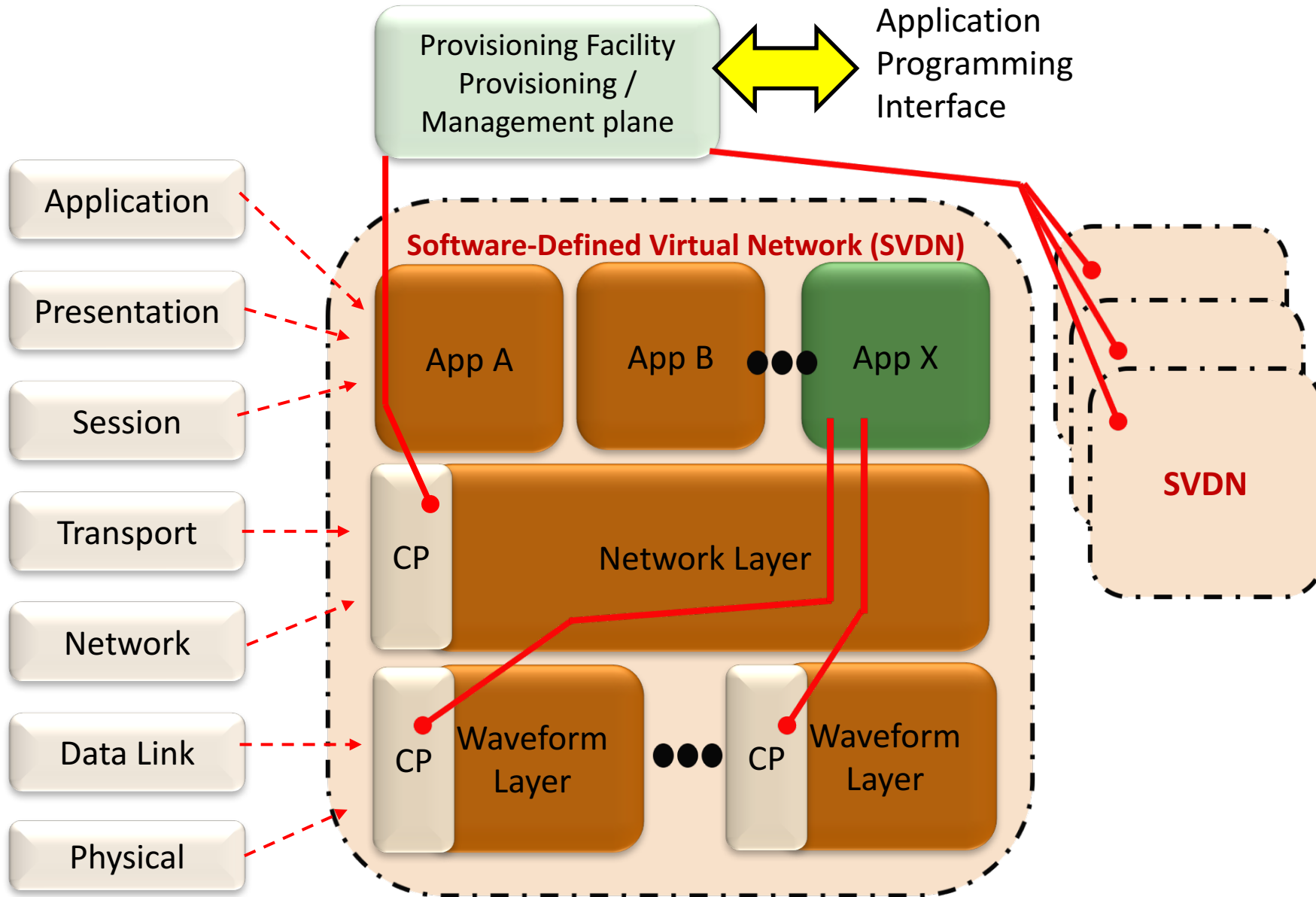


Contested environment example2



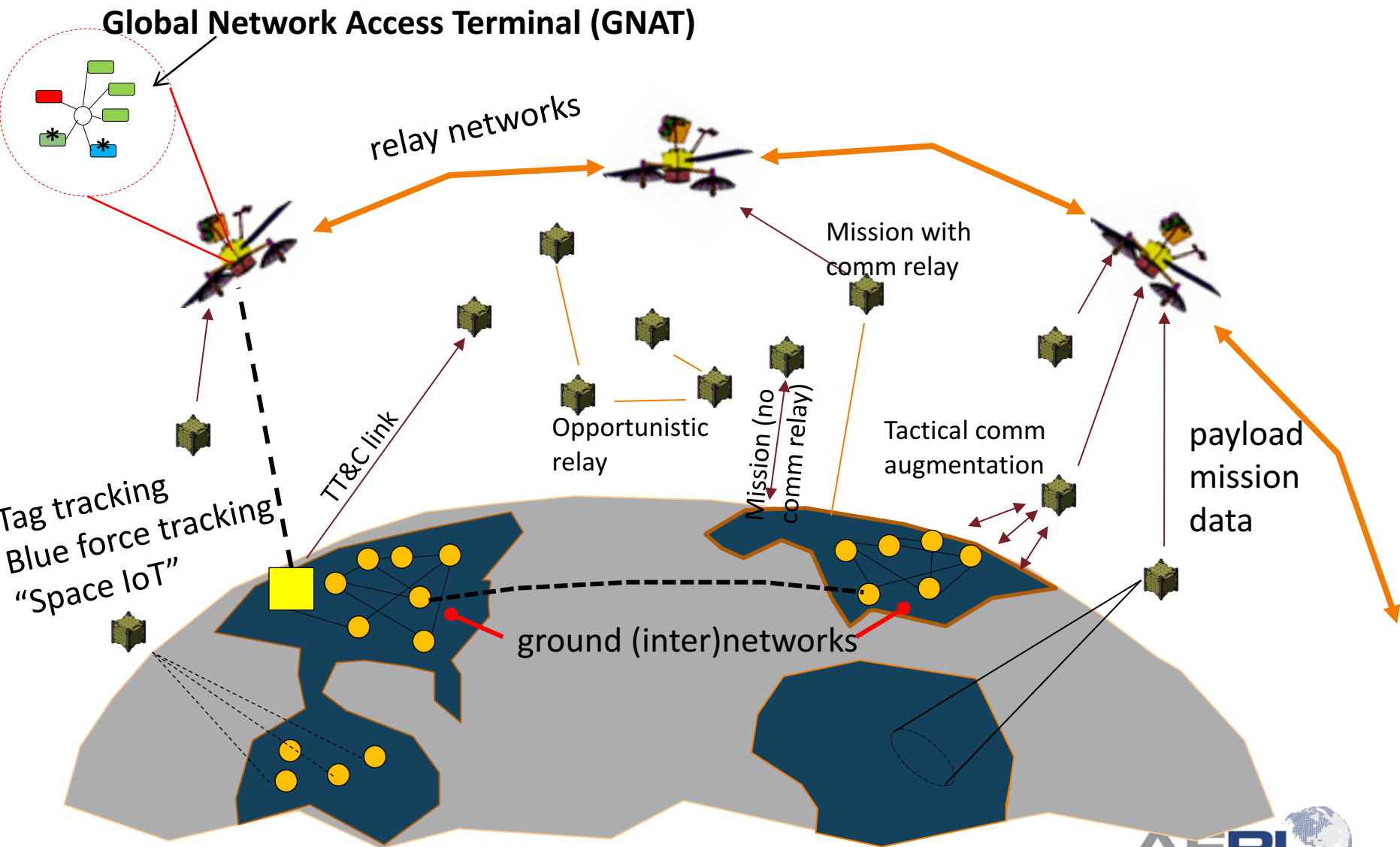
- Ka-band broke (A<->B) but the optical link didn't
- Therefore, the VNs can maintain connectivity
- Call this idea "SDN in contested environments"
- Seek the purist representation of networks in terms of flows, data (data forwarding) plane, control plane, management plane

Revisiting Open Systems Interconnect Model





Desired Use Cases "Smartphones for Space"



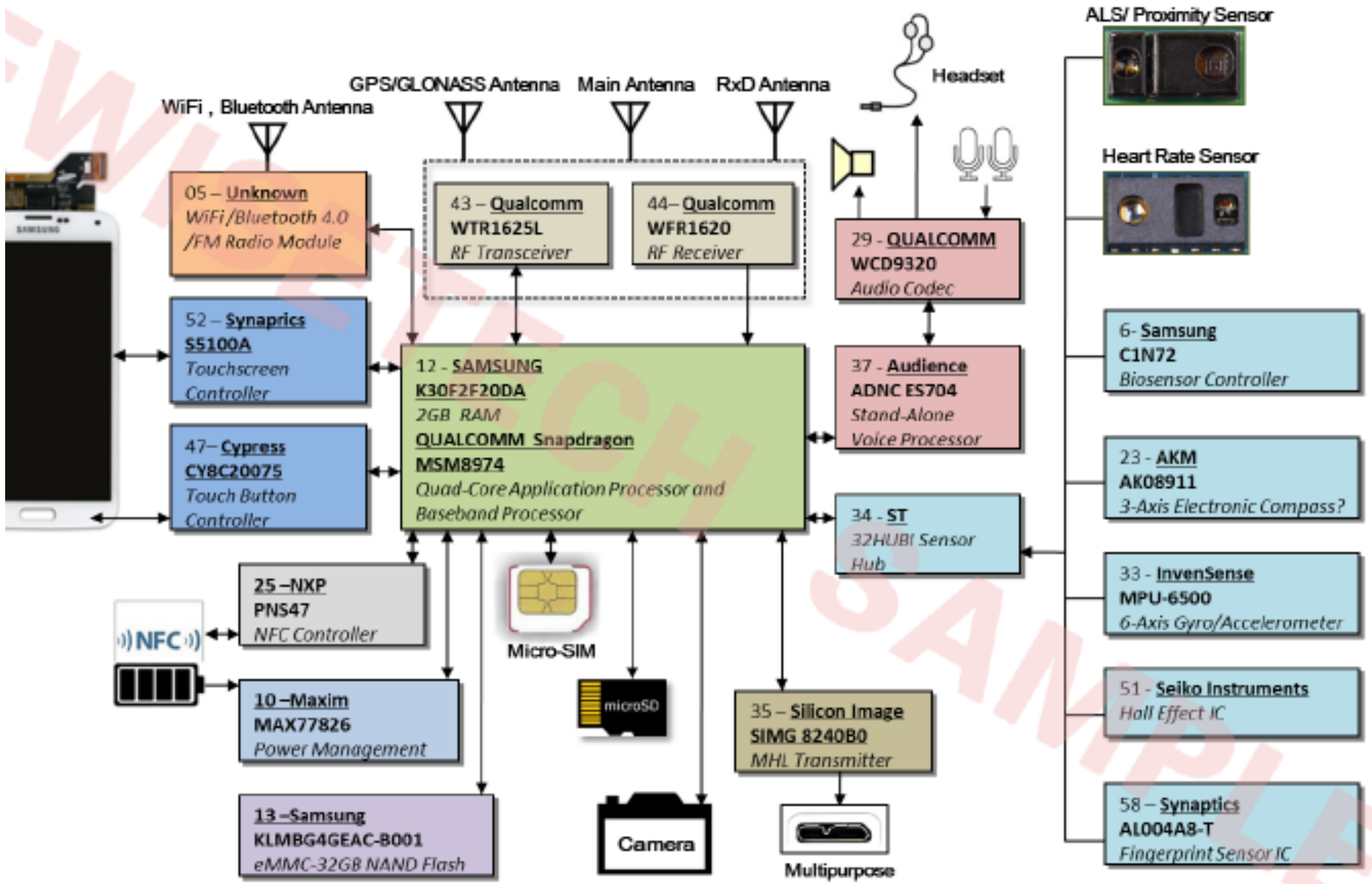


GNAT: A Smartphone for Space

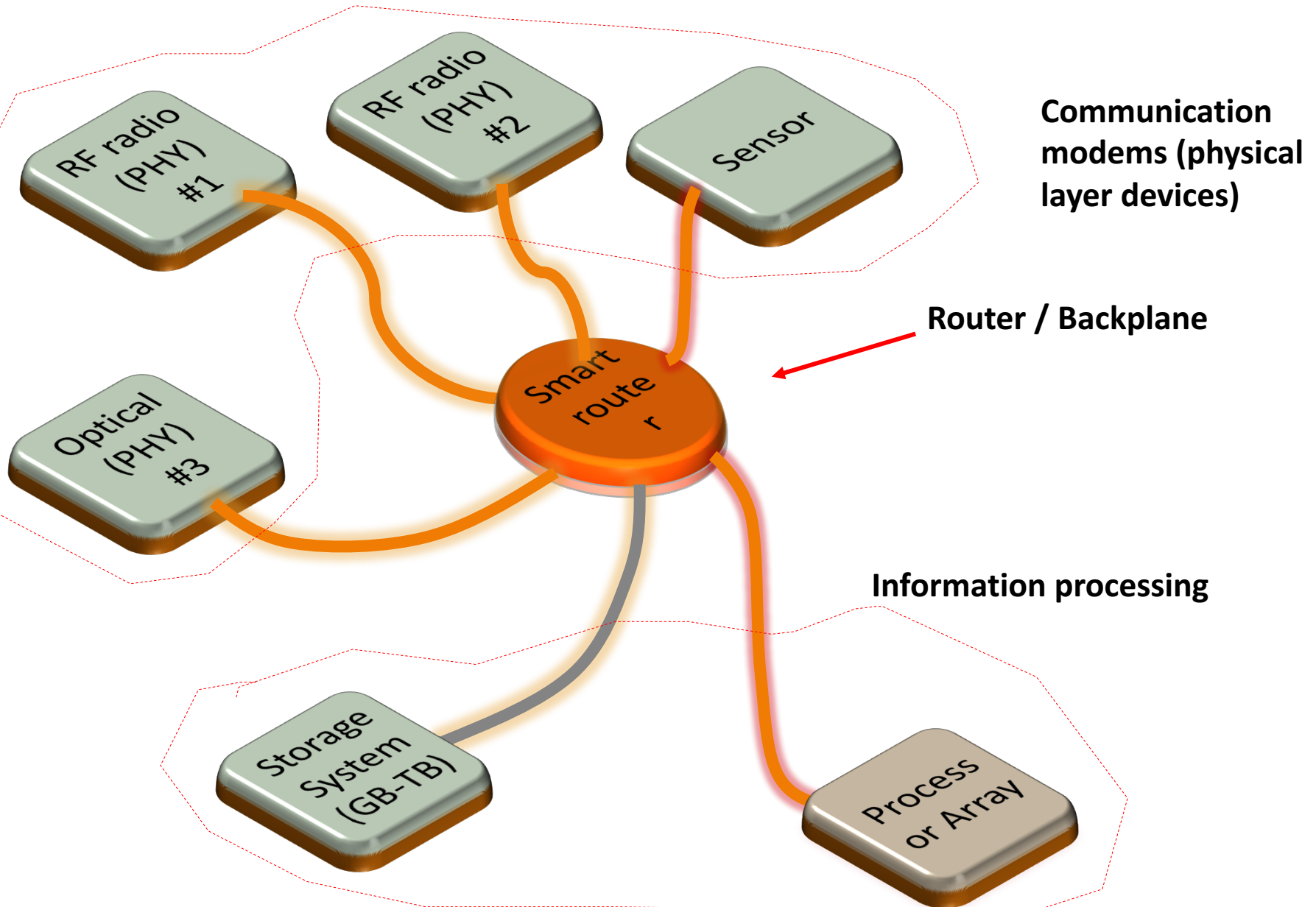


- We have smartphones
- Spacecraft do not
- The phones they have are very limited
- We can change that

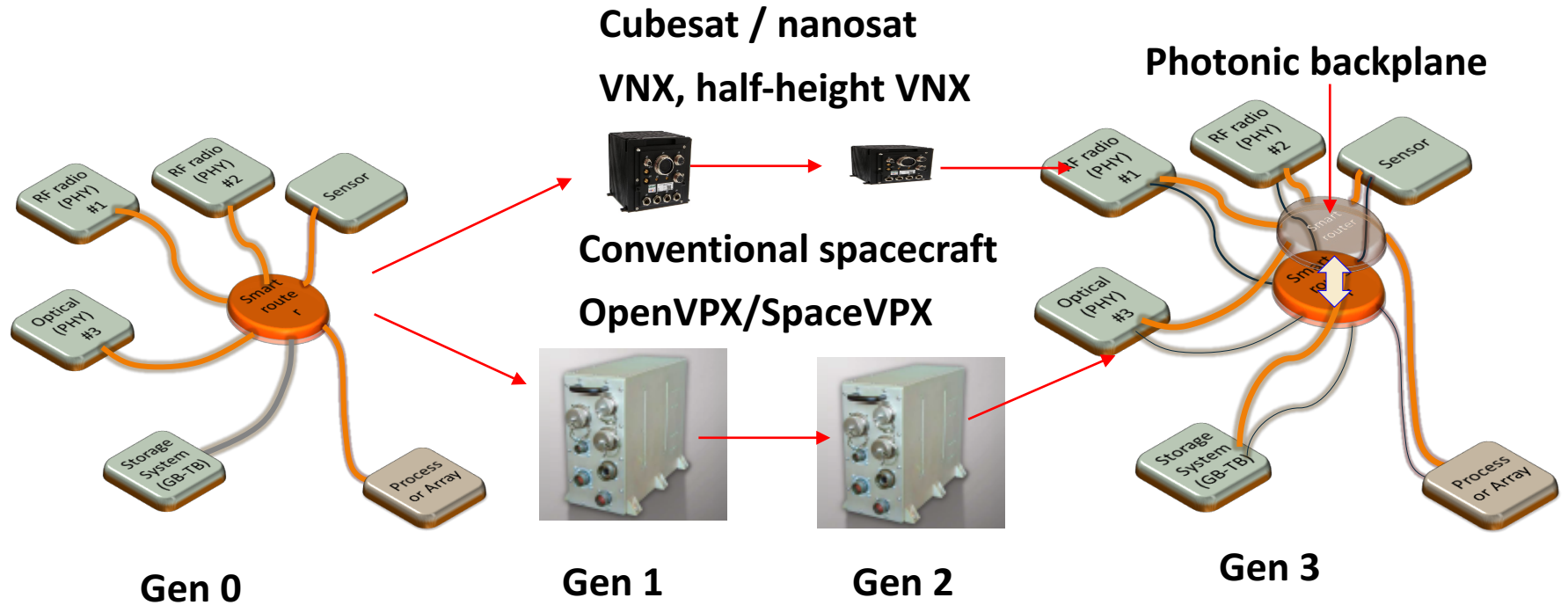
Example Real World Smartphone - Samsung Galaxy S5



GNAT /Smart-Phone Abstraction (Information Convergence Device)



A Possible "GNAT Roadmap"

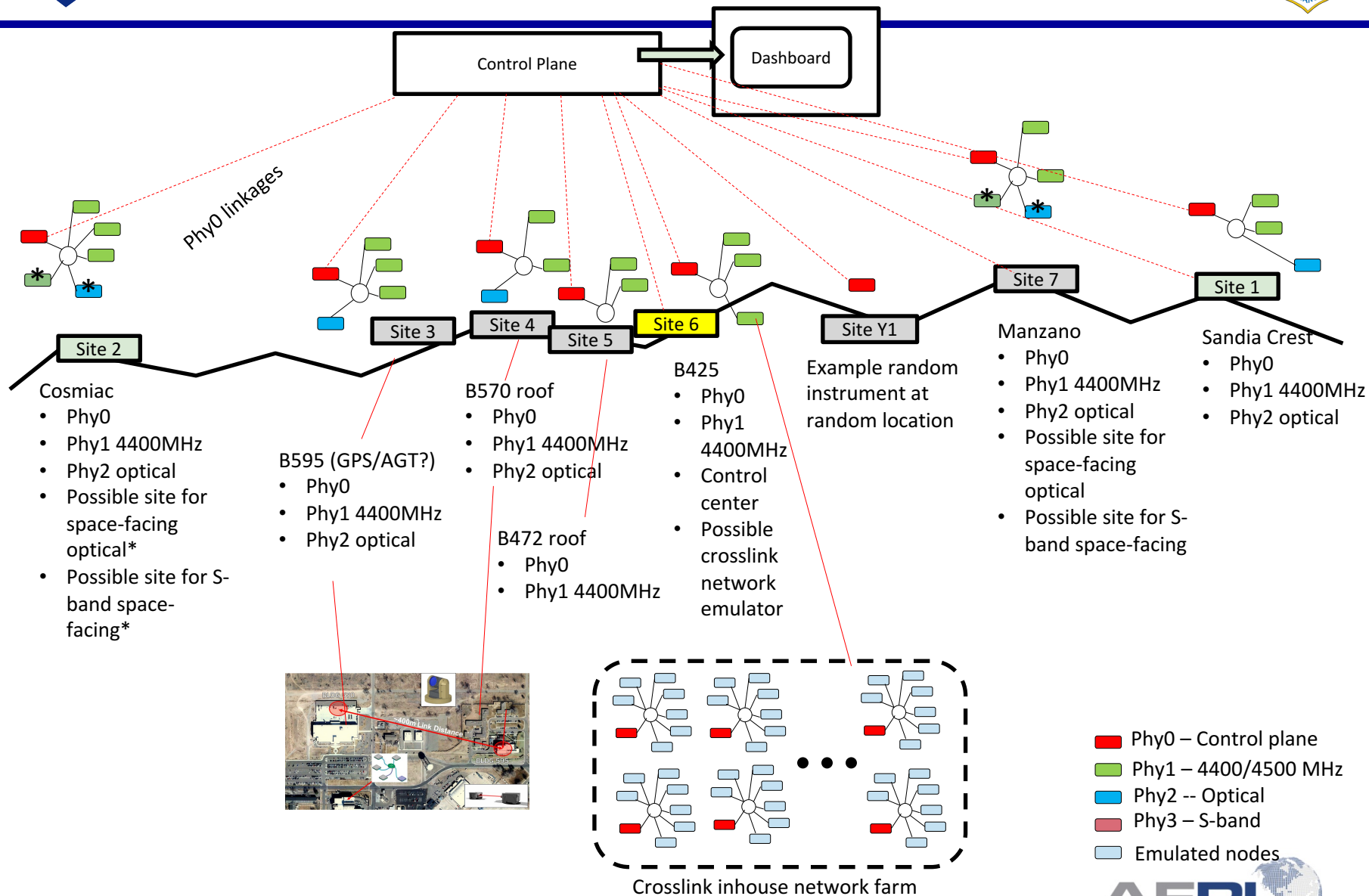


| Feature | Gen0 | Gen1 | Gen2 | Gen3 |
|-----------|-------------|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|
| BackPlane | Custom/OEM | SpaceVPX (SVPX) | SVPX | Photonic/SVPX |
| Cube | ---- | "SpaceVNX" | Half-height VNX | Half-height VNX |
| I/O | 100MbE, SpW | 1GbE, SRIO | 1/10/40GbE | 1GbE+optical |



A testbed for GNATS

The "RESINATE" testbed at Kirtland AFB, NM





Reconfigurability, Adaptive Hierarchy, and the Role of Cognitive x





What are Reconfigurable Systems



- Involves an ability to alter structure and/or function under software control
- Software-defined hardware
- Functional reconfigurability vs. Physical reconfigurability

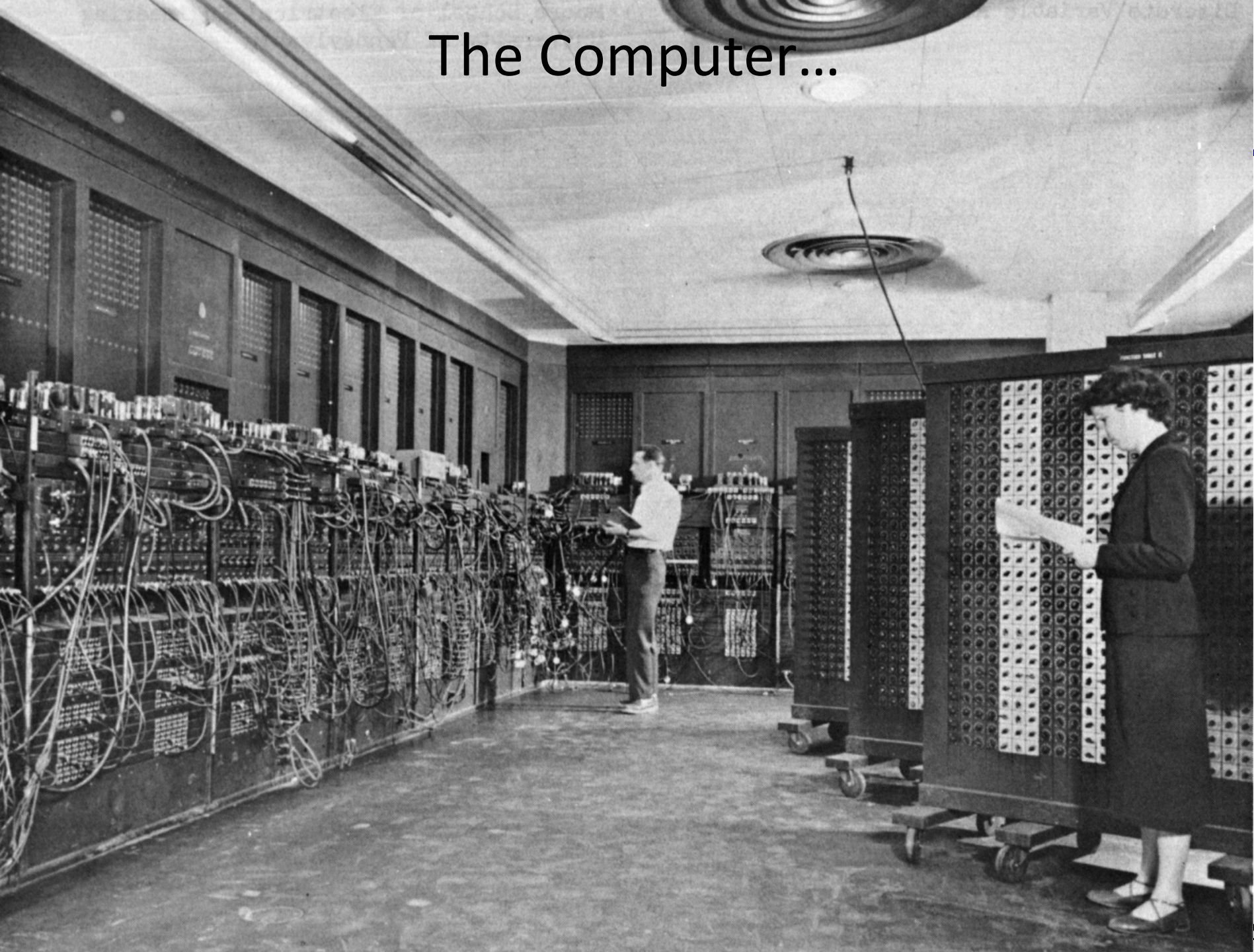


Why have reconfigurability ?



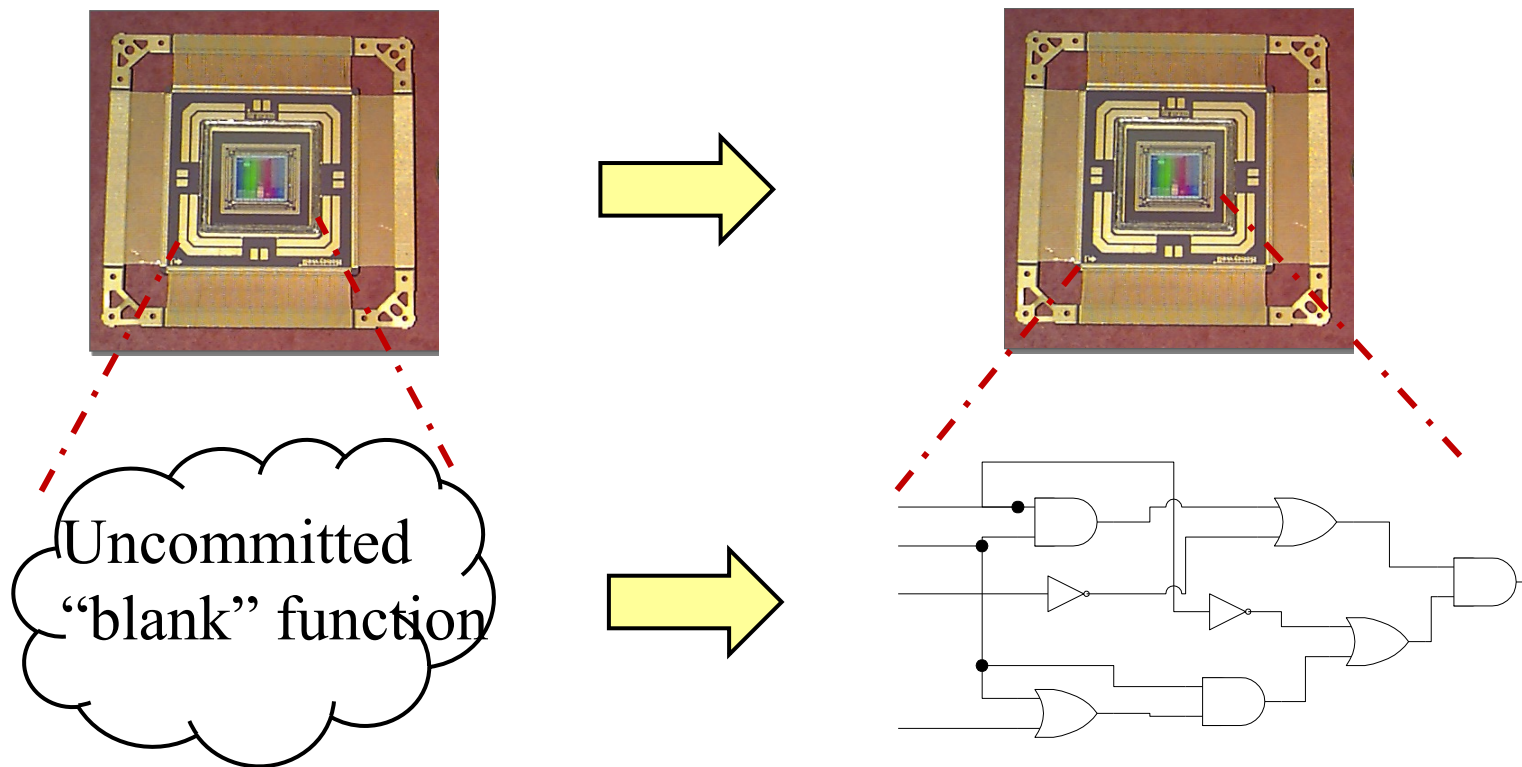
- Flexibility
- x – on demand (development speed)
- Reduce inventory (replace n parts with 1)
- Field updates (features, bug fixes)
- Resiliency (work around faults, self-heal)
- Adaptive, dynamic reconfiguration (time-share silicon)

The Computer...

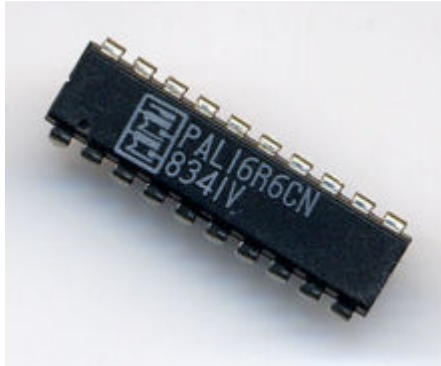




The Field Programmable Gate Array (FPGA)

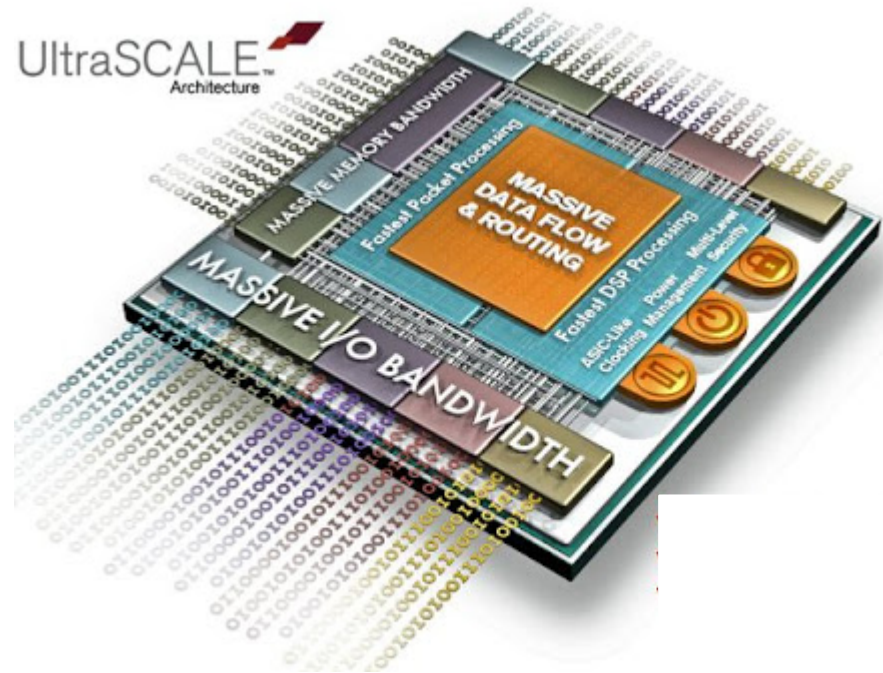


Past -1977



- A handful of logical “truth tables”

Today



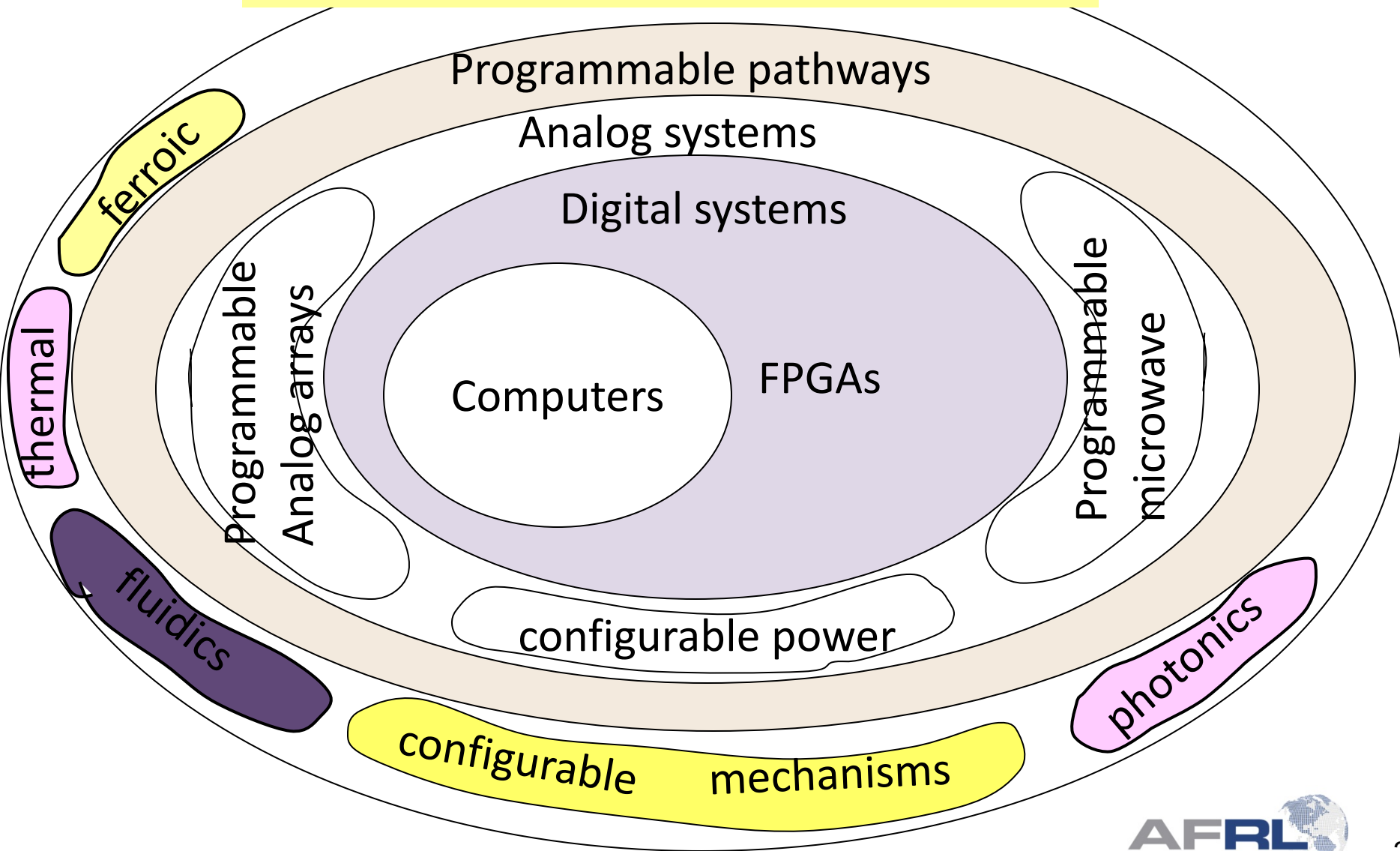
- Billions of transistors
- Millions of logical “truth tables”



General Reconfigurable Systems

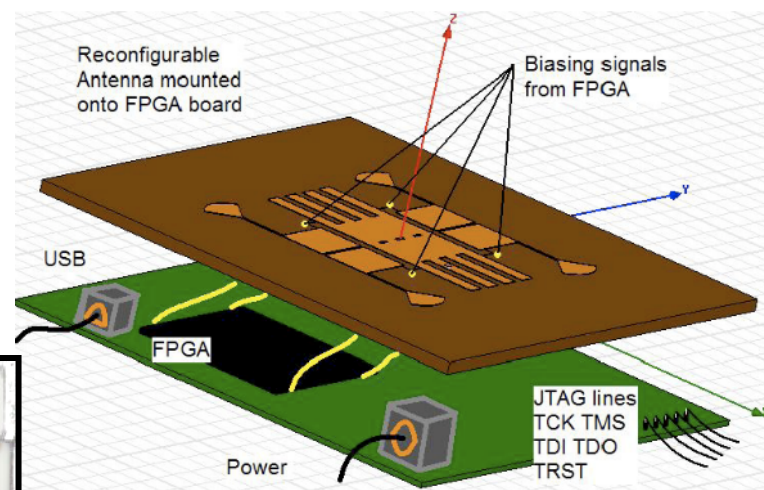
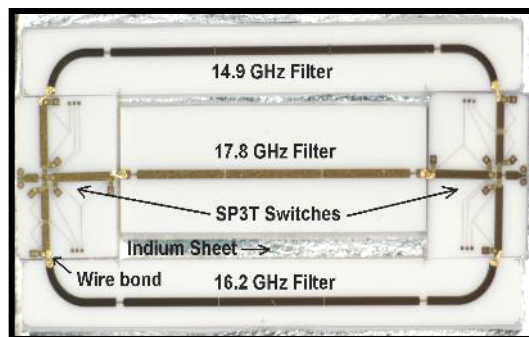
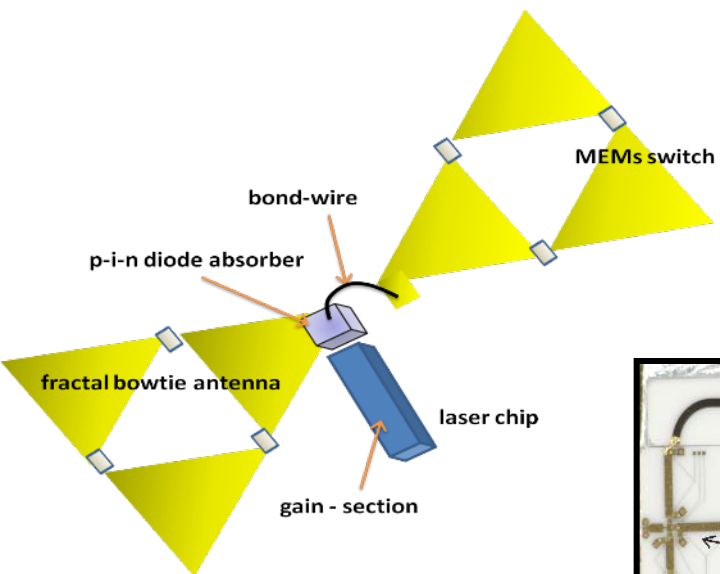
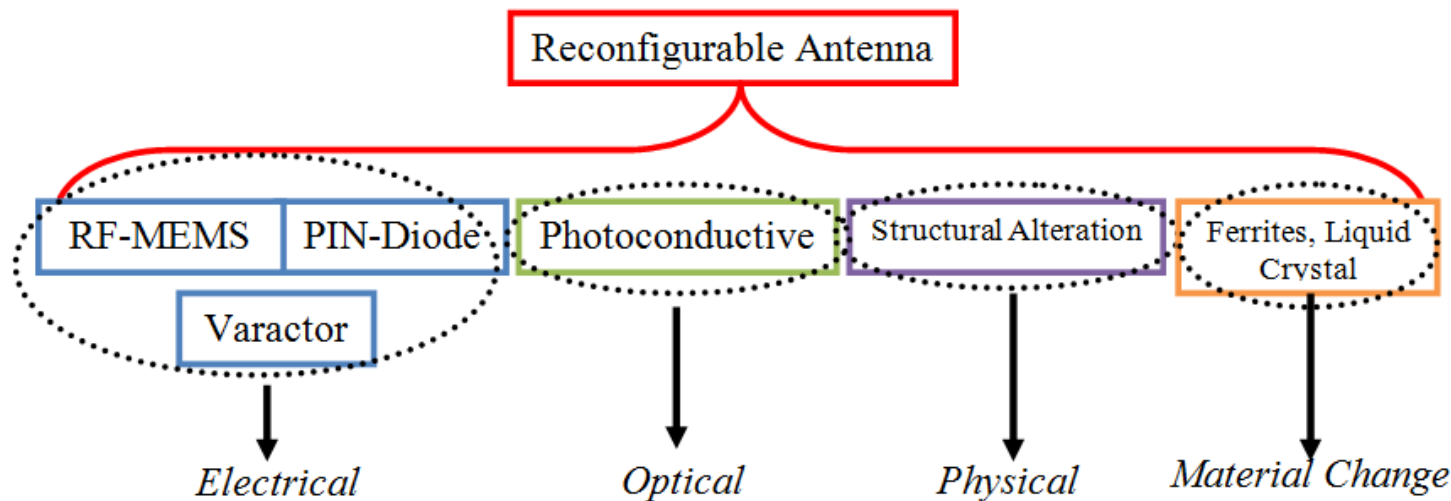


Programmable mechanisms, materials





Reconfigurable RF





Reconfigurable Laser Communications and Photonic Networks



FIXED DIGITAL LASERCOMM TRANSCEIVER

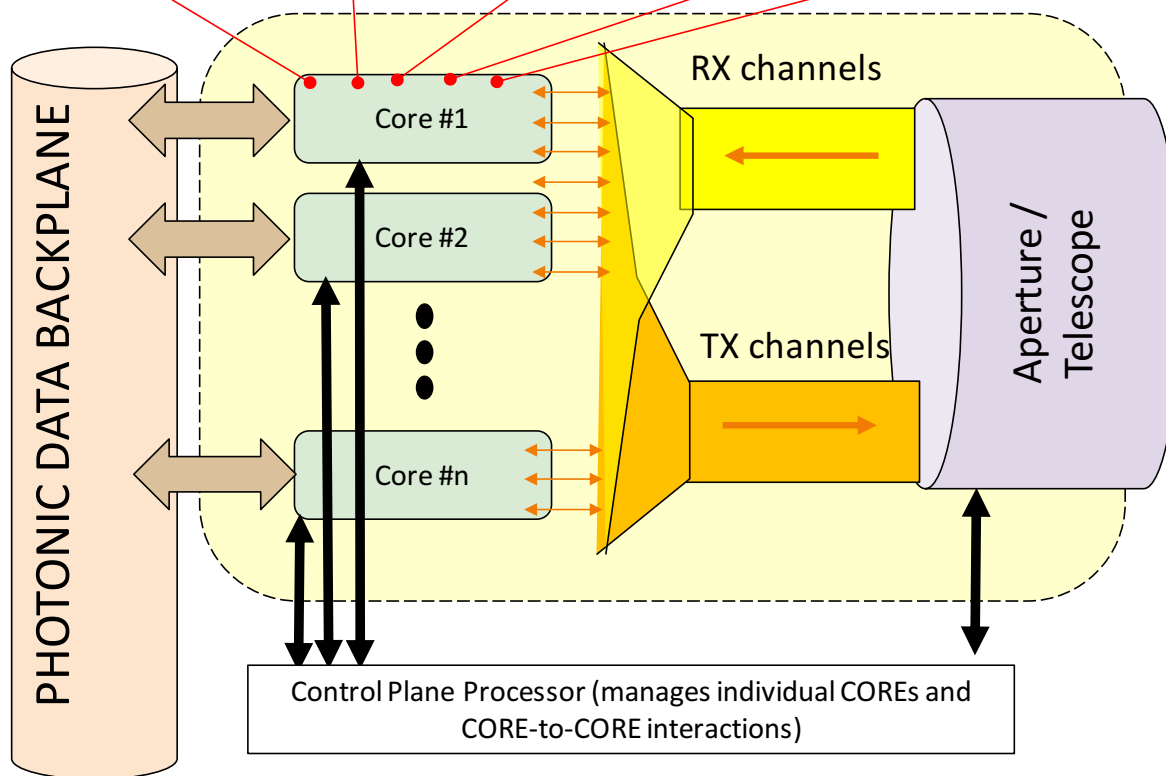
RECONFIGURABLE LASERCOMM TRANSCEIVER

ANALOG LASERCOMM TRANSCEIVER

RECONFIGURABLE PHOTONIC PROCESSOR

OPTICAL TIME TRANSFER MODULE

CHANNEL PROCESSOR OPTIONS

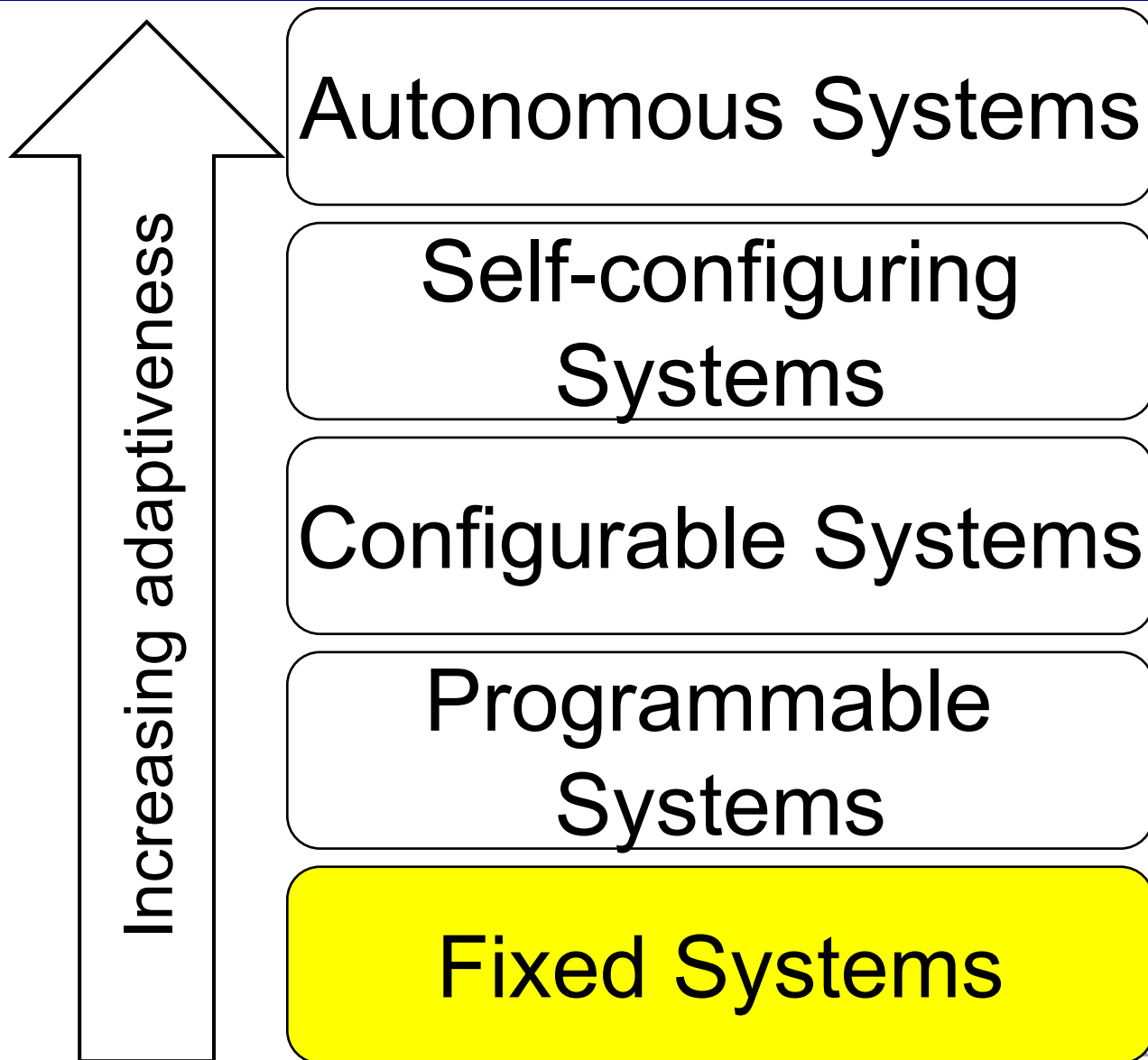


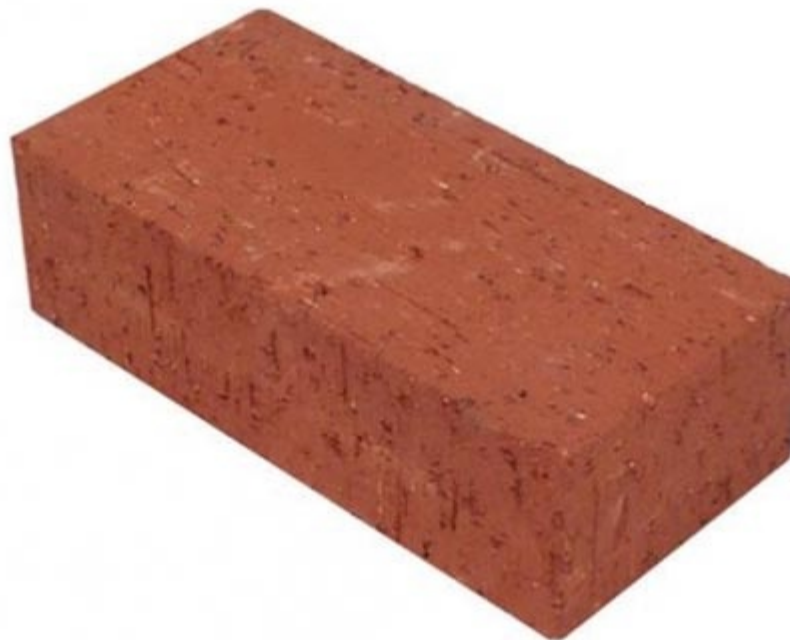
- Work (under ARAP) towards a “photonic software defined radio” with reconfigurable networks
- Agilely tunable beam and wavelength
- Reconfigurable waveform / protocol

Optical Reconfigurable Channel Processor (ORC-P)



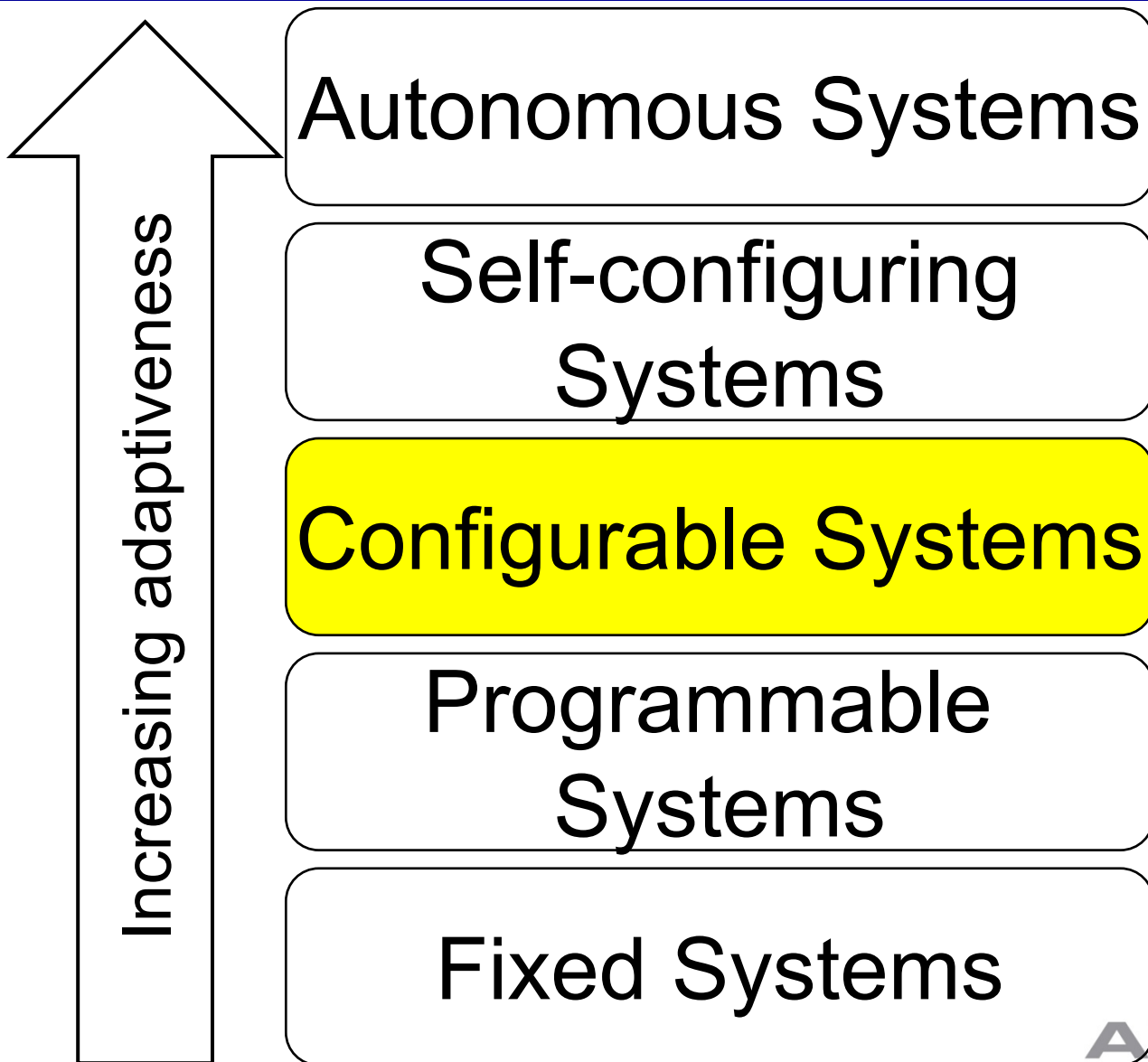
Adaptive Hierarchy

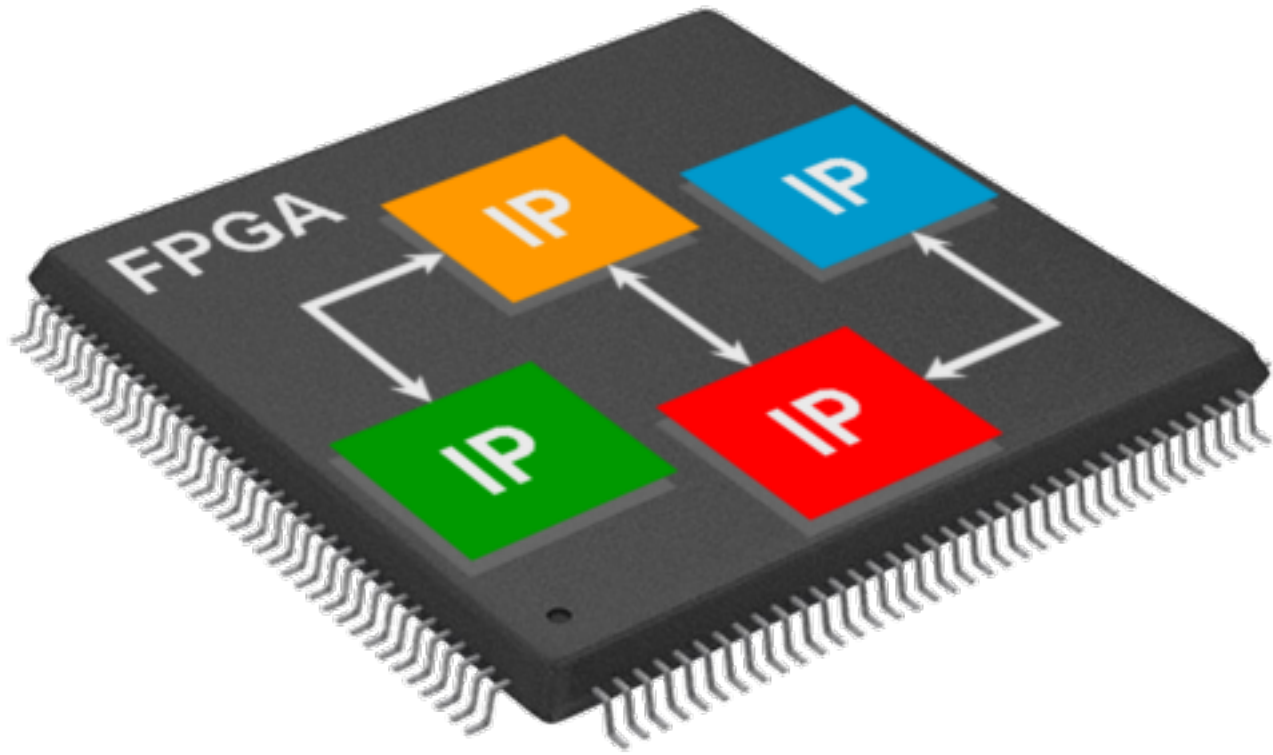






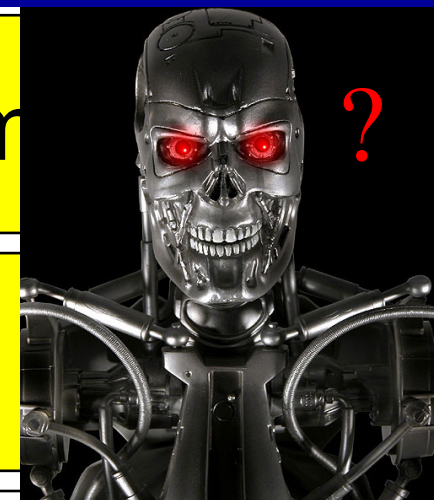
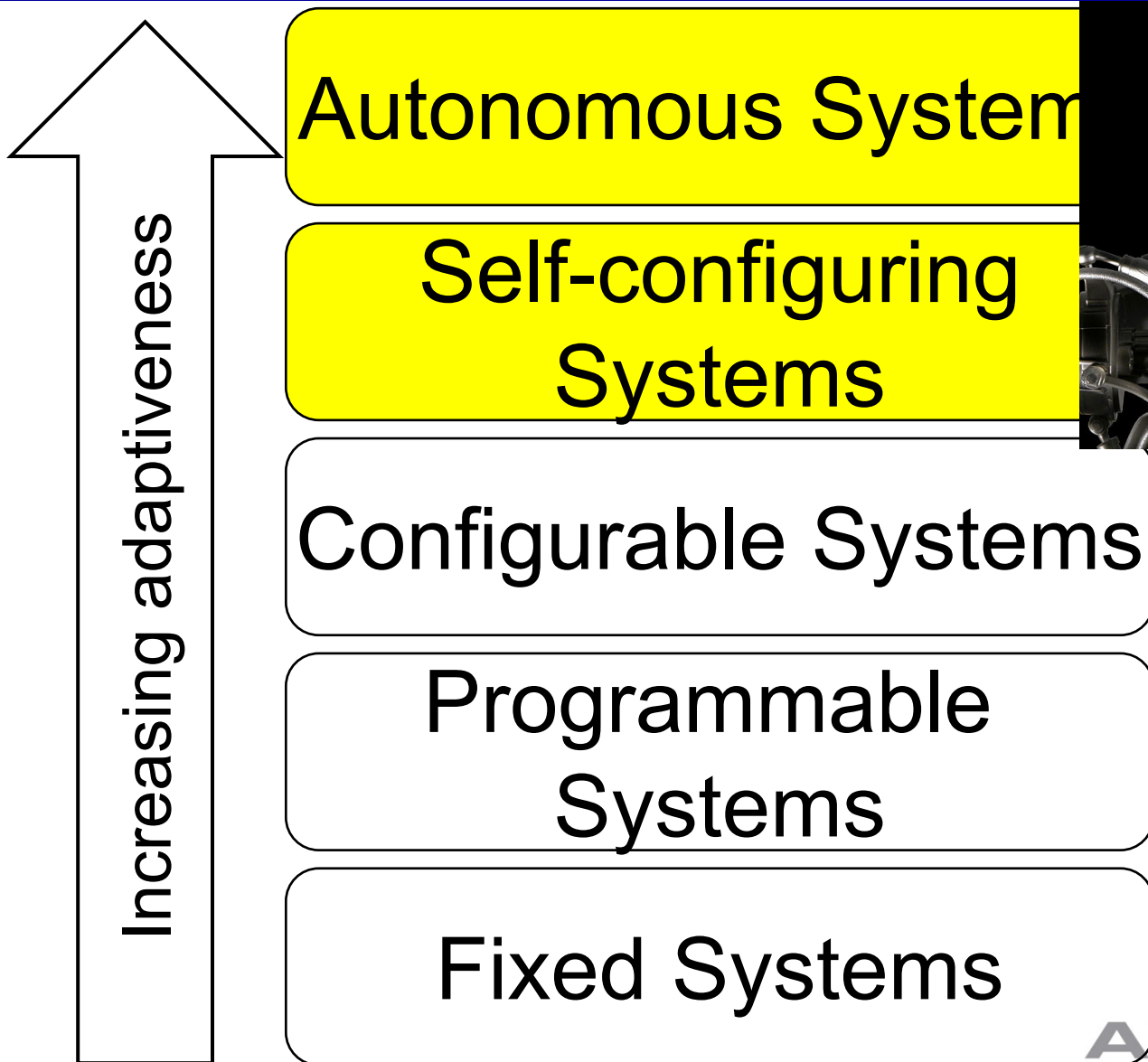
Autonomy Hierarchy







Autonomy Hierarchy

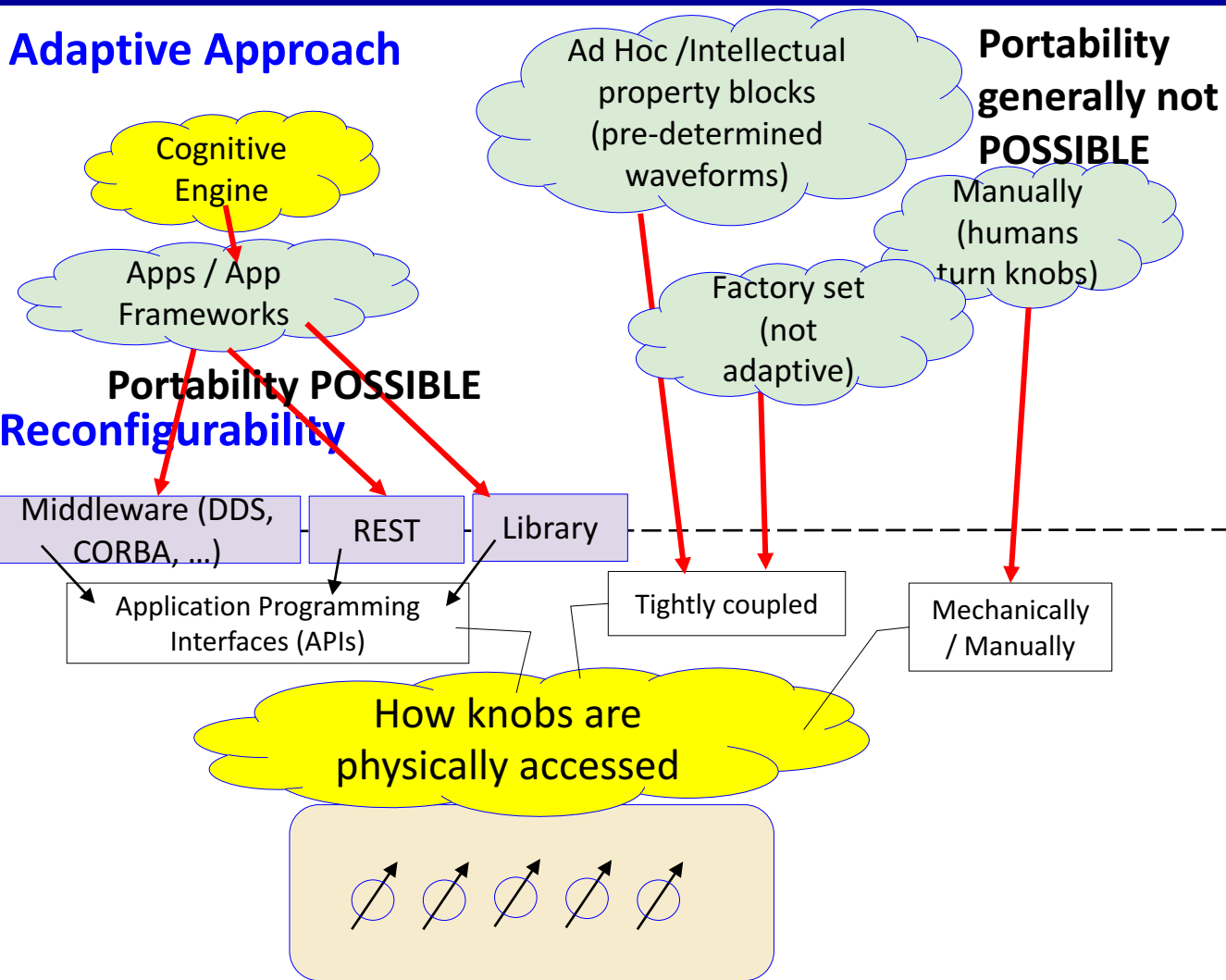




Cognitive Engines Possible Frameworks



Adaptive Approach



Reconfigurability

Portability generally not POSSIBLE

- Most software radios aren't (set at factory)
- Have software, but can't change
- APIs establish the central mechanism for cognition
- APIs are non-unique and not mutually exclusive (REST can co-exist with libraries and manually turned knobs)

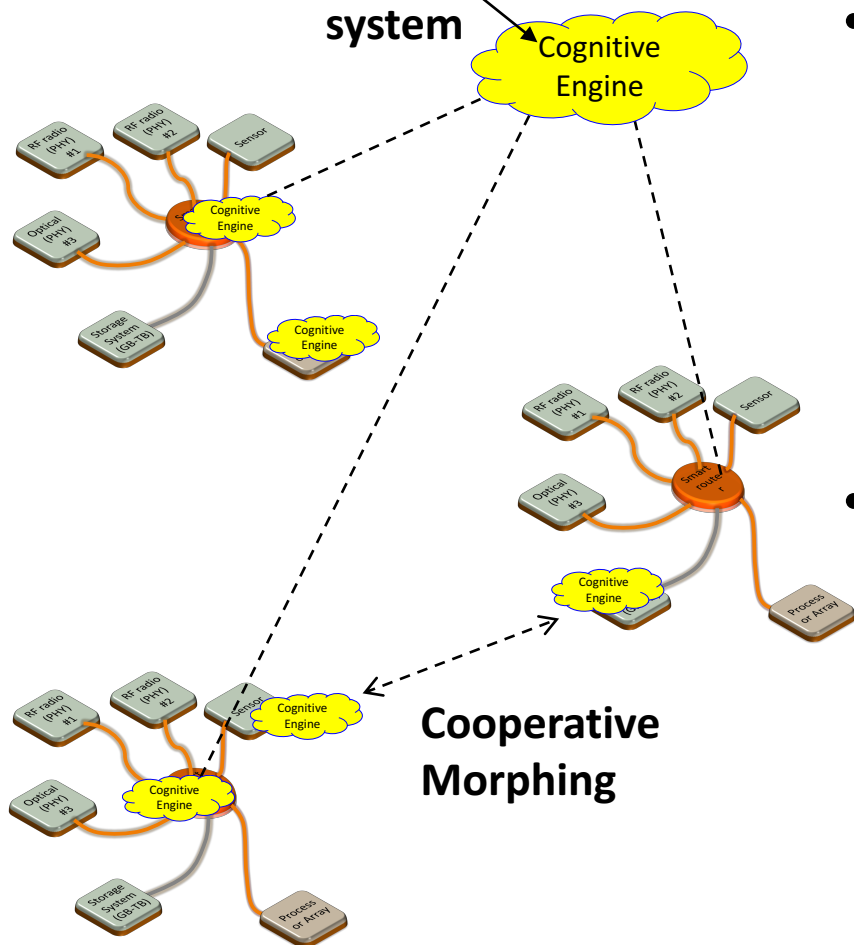
Reconfigurable system (has knobs that are soft-defined)



Distributed cognitive engine



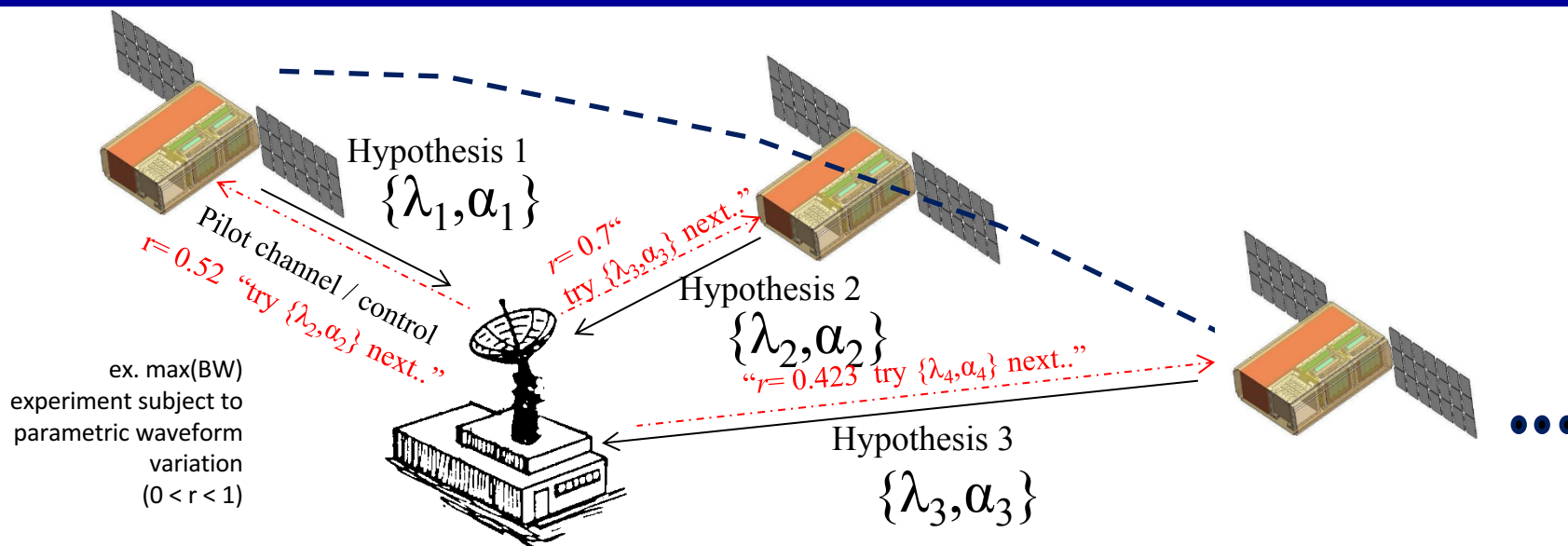
Possible provisioning system



- Cognitive communications is a cross-layer problem
 - A point-to-point link might apply cognitive morphing (frequency hopping)
 - A set of network nodes might apply cognitive network
- As such, we must consider not only how to design portable cognitive engines but how to
 - Make them interoperable
 - Allow elasticity to push-down (delegate) rules when possible



Cooperative Morphing Concept



- Promotes the creation of single-purpose (disposable) waveforms



Summary



- Ambient connectivity is the aspiration of communications research
- Patterns of communications should be on demand
- “Software-defined networks in contested environments” is the von Neumann-esque quest for reliable networks with unreliable links and nodes (cyber-resilient with poly-chromatic security)
- We need every platform to have/be a smartphone
 - Every platform is a GNAT, some less/more capable than others
 - GNATs seek each to build opportunistic networks
- Besides building the GNAT-SDN infrastructure, the “smartphones” can be extended to information convergence, EM convergence hubs
- GNAT networks are great testbeds for cognitive engines
 - Reconfigurability and adaptiveness are not the same concepts
 - Consideration of cooperating /cross-layer cognitive engines